Sacramento Municipal Utility District SMUD's Green Power Program – Sale of Biogas to an Electric Utility

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Background on SMUD

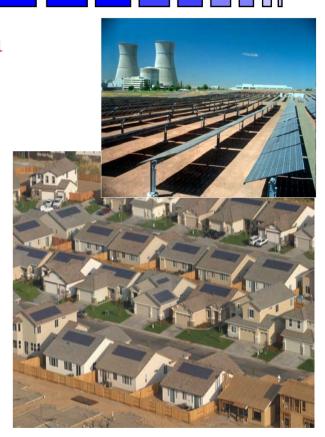
- Sixth Largest Publicly-Owned Electric Utility
- Serve about 1.5 million people - City & County of Sacramento
- Seven Elected Board Members
- Public Values and Low Rates





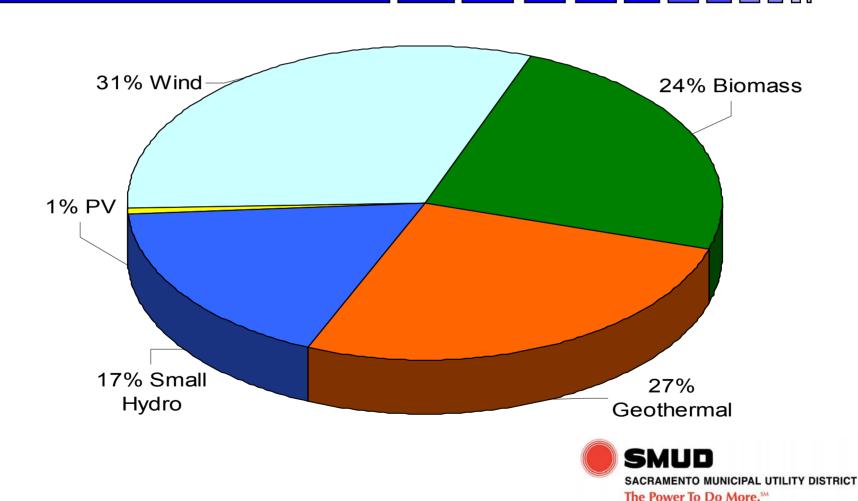
Leader in Renewable Energy

- Renowned Solar Energy Program
 - 10 MW of Photovoltaic (PV)
 - 50% utility scale, and50% distributed energy
 - Over 900 PV systems connected at customer sites
- SMUD's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS)
 - Acquire 12% our electricity from renewable sources by 2006 and 23% by 2011, including Greenergy





Biomass an Important Part of SMUD's Renewables Mix



Biomass Program Goals

Biomass Program Goal

- Convert problem wastes & residues to energy while providing environmental and economic benefits to our customers

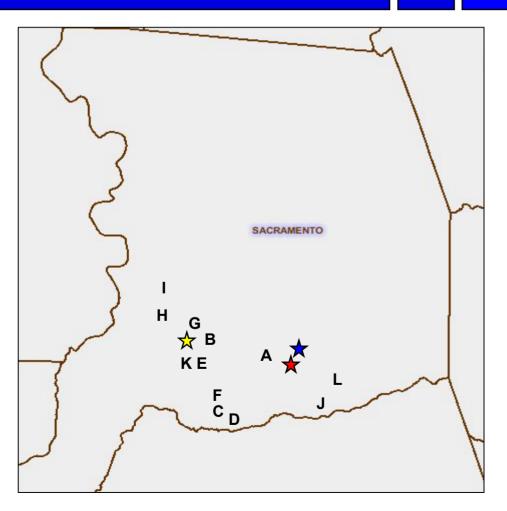
Biomass Program Activities

 Dairy Digesters contribute to RPS, but are more for local benefits





Sacramento County Dairies



Total Cows in Top 15 out of 43 Dairies

★- 1435
A - 1075
★- 1020
B - 953
★- 837
C - 745
D - 728
E - 693
F - 589
G - 563
H - 520
I - 468
J - 468
K - 451
L - 399





Benefits of Dairy Digesters

Benefits to the Dairy Operator

- Reduce odor and flies
- Reduce air emissions of methane and volatile organic compounds (VOCs)
- Reduce risk of groundwater contamination
- Sustainable fuel supply
- Mature technologies with proven track record
- Produces fiber for bedding and sale to others

ENTO MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

The Power To Do More.SM

Cost effective for the dairy business, with subsidies

Pilot Dairy Digester Program

- SMUD offered incentives to largest 11 dairies
 - 13% funding incentives to augment 25% funding from USDA Rural Development
- Four proposals were submitted by our dairies and three were awarded
- Completion of digesters is expected in late 2006
 - Elk Grove 186 kW will produce 1,466,000 kWh / year
 - Galt #1 92 kW will produce 725,000 kWh / year
 - Galt #2 77 kW will produce 609,000 kWh / year



Dairy Digester Incentive Program

- Provide incentive payments of 13% of all eligible project costs for USDA funded digester projects
- Instituted a new (2005) Biomass Net Metering Rate for facilities <1 MW
 - Net metering <u>at retail rate</u> for energy used at entire facility (with all meters added together)
 - 'Hybrid' net metering / purchase agreement for energy in excess of facility usage



iotitiona Dei	ry with 10 Accounts of	p Aggregated Dill		,		
ictitious Dair	y with 10 Accounts of	n Aggregated bill				
Net Energy	/ @ Account 1					
ivet Ellergy	r @ Account 1					
Bi-directional Consumption		from SMUD	0		kW	h
Bi-directional Generation		to SMUD	(140,680)		kW	h 🔻
				(140,680)	kW	h
Less Usage this Month				73,550	kW	h
Excess Generation		to SMUD		67,130	kW	h
Account	Rate	KWh	S	MUD Bill		
1	ASN	-	\$	5.00		
2	ASD	26,800	\$	2,376.16		
3	ASD	10,100	\$	895.49		
4	GSN	1,270	\$	14.49		
5	NLGT	80	\$	19.23		
6	RSC	1,390	\$	175.81		
7	RSC	1,600	\$	202.38		
8	ASN	2,070	\$	218.54		
9	ASD	14,900	\$	1,321.07		
10	ASD	15,340	\$	1,360.08		
	Total:	73,550			\$	6,588.25
Net Gener	ration Credit					
		ASN Summer I	er Energy Rate			
73,550	KWh @	-\$0.09880		per KWh	(\$	7,266.74)
Tax Adjus	tments					
	County Tax	(\$7,266.74)	@ 2.5%		(\$181.67)	
	State Surcharge	-73,550	kWh	n x \$0.00022	\$	(16.18)
Excess G	eneration Power	Purchase Credi				,
		Power Purchas				
67,130	KWh @	-\$0.05800		per KWh	(\$	3,893.54)

Simplified billing process

Meter generation.

Net out total kWh from all bills.

Calculate excess power purchase.

Either pay or bill the customer.



Cost and Payback Analysis

Type of Digester	Capital Cost (\$)	Estimated Payback w/o Incentives (Yrs)	Total Cost to Dairy After Incentives (\$)	Estimated Payback with Incentives (Yrs) *
Ambient Covered Lagoon	793,129	7.1	396,565	4.4
Heated, Complete Mix, Covered Lagoon	820,724	6.3	410,362	3.3
Ambient Covered Lagoon	607,392	9.5	380,272	5.9
Ambient Covered Lagoon	450,866	7.3	290,422	4.7

^{*}Additional funding reduced this payback



Environmental Benefits – Reduction of VOCs and Greenhouse Gases

Location of Dairy	Number of Animals	*Total VOC Reduction (Tons/year)	**Methane Reduction (Tons/Year)	CO2 Equivalent (Ton/Year)
Elk Grove (w/ food waste)	1,435	8	859	18,898
Galt #1	1,020	6	328	7,216
Galt #2	1,100	7	419	9,218
TOTAL	3,555	20	1,606	35,332

^{*}Based on SMAQMD Title V Emissions estimate; VOC reduction from dairy planning addition of food waste is based on manure only

^{**}Assuming the biogas produced contains 60% methane



Value of Financial Incentives, Tax Breaks, and Credits

- SMUD acquires all environmental attributes of the energy in exchange for a high rate of compensation, including carbon credits and greenhouse gas (GHG) credits
- Dairy retains financial credits such as the Production Tax Credit (PTC) and depreciation
- SMUD will facilitate interconnection 'sit down at the table' with the dairy and the digester vendor



Dairy Digester Interconnection Process

- SMUD review and approval of a completed 'Rule 21' application form and other necessary data
- SMUD receipt (or waiver) of all applicable fees
- Execution of an Interconnection Agreement with SMUD
- Installation of a generator output meter
- Field inspection and approval of the completed installation (with testing of non-cert. equipment)
- Written "Authorization to Operate" in parallel prior to the unit's full operation



What Causes Delays in Process

- Incorrect information on application
- Insufficient copies, missing one-lines, diagrams, site plans, and protection settings
- Changes in projects such as new contractors, contact persons, phone numbers, e-mail addresses, as well as changes in design, and equipment, cause delays in processing
- Significant changes can require a new application



Typical Interconnection Process

- Most interconnections at SMUD go smoothly
- Design changes are not much of an issue when SMUD is notified early
- Certified equipment (inverters, disconnect switches) greatly simplifies the process
 - Must be a certified AC disconnect accessible to utility personnel 24/7
 - Must be lockable and provide a visible open, usually installed within 10' of revenue meter



Technical & Regulatory Challenges

- Environmental permitting is lengthy process in California because regulatory agencies in midst of developing new rules
- Engine technology improvement needed
 - Small engines produce NOx and gas cleanup methods are not always cost effective or safe
 - Larger low-NOx engines built in Europe need to be demonstrated in U.S.



Summary

Dairy Digesters Provide Public Good

- Protect economic viability of our agricultural sector
- Attract federal funding to our region
- Help dairies become better neighbors to encroaching suburbia
- Encourage locally produced renewable energy
- Mitigate methane (GHG) and VOC emissions
- Lead by example other anaerobic digestion projects,
 such as food waste, municipal solid wastes

